



Lattice Gasses

- Suppose each spin could be in one of three states rather than one of two states. How many different microstates would there be for a system containing N such spins?

- Explain why (using the arguments in the video) the partition function for the lattice spins is $Z = 2^N \cosh(\beta\mu H)$

- How is the average energy of the system calculated from the partition function? What is the average energy for the system of spins under study in this exercise?

- What happens to the the average energy of the system in the low and high-temperature limits? What does this imply about the behavior of the psins?