## The geometric random variable

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- Suppose that $X$ is a geometric random variable and draw a tree diagram that illustrates how the benrnoulli trials that compose this random variable pan out for $X=1, X=2$ and $X=3$
- Assuming that the probability of sucess in each individual trial is equal to $p$ write out expressions for $P(X=0), P(X=1), P(X=2)$ and $P(X=3)$ if $X$ is a geometric random variable.
- Write out an expression for the geometric random variable.
- Explain what range of values a geometric random variable $X$ can take.

